

PROPHECY RESOURCE CORP.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2007

(Unaudited – prepared by management)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

PROPHECY RESOURCE CORP.
INTERIM BALANCE SHEET
AS AT JUNE 30, 2007
(Unaudited – prepared by management)

	June 30, 2007	September 30, 2006 (audited)
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 461,966	\$ 157,944
Other receivables	9,466	4,430
Prepaid expenses	109,950	-
	<u>581,382</u>	<u>162,374</u>
Mineral properties (Note 3)	54,000	22,000
Deferred exploration costs (Note 4)	279,716	102,232
Deferred finance fees (Note 5)	-	17,000
Reclamation bond	<u>6,500</u>	<u>6,500</u>
	<u>\$ 921,598</u>	<u>\$ 310,106</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 37,660	\$ 13,000
Due to related parties (Note 6)	35,249	10,292
	<u>72,909</u>	<u>23,292</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 7)	961,458	308,650
Contributed surplus (Note 9)	132,154	76,850
Deficit	<u>(244,923)</u>	<u>(98,686)</u>
	<u>848,689</u>	<u>286,814</u>
	<u>\$ 921,598</u>	<u>\$ 310,106</u>

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)
Commitments (Note 3 and 7)

Approved on behalf of the Board:

<u>“Stuart Rogers”</u> Stuart Rogers	Director	<u>“Donald Sharp”</u> Donald Sharp	Director
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROPHECY RESOURCE CORP.
INTERIM STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND DEFICIT
(Unaudited – prepared by management)

	For the three months ended June 30, 2007	For the nine months ended June 30, 2007
EXPENSES		
Consulting	\$ -	\$ 480
Transfer agent, filing fees	6,868	36,830
Office, rent and miscellaneous	4,867	15,247
Management fees	4,500	7,500
Management fees – stock based compensation (Note 8)	-	55,304
Professional fees	8,076	16,756
Shareholder communications	6,784	15,301
Travel	1,655	2,263
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(32,750)	(149,681)
OTHER ITEM		
Interest income	2,006	3,444
NET LOSS	(30,744)	(146,237)
DEFICIT, BEGINNING	(214,179)	(98,686)
DEFICIT, ENDING	\$ (244,923)	\$ (244,923)
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.02)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	7,912,362	6,820,696

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROPHECY RESOURCE CORP.
INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited – prepared by management)

	For the three months ended June 30, 2007	For the nine months ended June 30, 2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (30,744)	\$ (146,237)
Non-cash operating items:		
Stock based compensation	-	55,304
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(105,000)	(109,950)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables	(4,199)	(5,037)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	36,131	21,868
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(103,812)</u>	<u>(184,052)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition costs	(10,000)	(32,000)
Deferred exploration costs	(170,845)	(177,483)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(180,845)</u>	<u>(209,483)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Deferred finance fees	-	17,000
Amounts due to related parties	33,324	27,749
Issuance of shares for debt	10,000	10,000
Issuance of shares for cash	225,000	642,808
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>268,324</u>	<u>697,557</u>
Increase in cash during the period	(16,333)	304,022
Cash, beginning	<u>478,299</u>	<u>157,944</u>
Cash, ending	<u>\$ 461,966</u>	<u>\$ 461,966</u>

Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flows:

Cash paid during the period for interest	\$	-
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	\$	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

The Company was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on February 9, 2006 and is primarily in the exploration stage with respect to its mineral properties. Based on the information available to date, the Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain economically recoverable reserves. The recoverability of the amounts shown for mineral properties and deferred exploration costs is dependent upon the confirmation of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to successfully complete their development and upon future profitable production. The Company's Initial Public Offering prospectus was filed with the British Columbia Securities Commission and became effective December 29, 2006. Pursuant to this prospectus, the Company raised \$550,000 by issuing 2,200,000 shares at a price of \$0.25 per share on February 9, 2007 and commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "PCY" on February 14, 2007.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to raise adequate financing to develop its mineral properties, and to commence profitable operations in the future. To date the Company has not generated any significant revenues and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and are presented in Canadian dollars.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the determination of impairment of mineral property interests and future tax rates used to determine future income taxes. Where estimates have been used financial results as determined by actual events could differ from those estimates.

Mineral properties

The Company records its interests in mineral properties and areas of geological interest at cost. All direct and indirect costs relating to the acquisition of these interests are capitalized on the basis of specific claim blocks or areas of geological interest until the properties to which they relate are placed into production, sold or management has determined there to be an impairment. These costs will be amortized on the basis of units produced in relation to the proven reserves available on the related property following commencement of production. Mineral properties which are sold before that property reaches the production stage will have all revenues from the sale of the property credited against the cost of the property. Properties which have reached the production stage will have a gain or loss calculated based on the portion of that property sold.

The recorded cost of mineral exploration interests is based on cash paid, the value of share considerations and exploration and development costs incurred. The recorded amount may not reflect recoverable value as this will be dependent on the development program, the nature of the mineral deposit, commodity prices, adequate funding and the ability of the Company to bring its projects into production.

Management evaluates each mineral interest on a reporting period basis or as changes in events and circumstances warrant, and makes a determination based on exploration activity and results, estimated future cash flows and availability of funding as to whether costs are capitalized or charged to operations. Mineral property interests, where future cash flows are not reasonably determinable, are evaluated for impairment based on management's intentions and determination of the extent to which future exploration programs are warranted and likely to be funded.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Deferred finance fees

The Company capitalizes fees incurred in connection with proposed equity financings. These finance fees will be offset against the proceeds of the financing or charged to operations if the financing is not completed.

Deferred exploration costs

The Company defers all exploration costs relating to mineral properties and areas of geological interest until the properties to which they relate are placed into production, sold, abandoned or management has determined there to be an impairment. These costs will be amortized on the basis of units produced in relation to the estimated reserves available on the related property following commencement of production or written-off to operations in the period related properties are abandoned.

Environmental protection and reclamation costs

The Company's policy relating to environmental protection and land reclamation programmes is to charge to income during the period any costs incurred in environmental protection and land reclamation.

Foreign currency translation

The Company's monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date. Income and expenses are translated at rates which approximate those in effect on transaction dates. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in earnings.

Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to related parties. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

Future income taxes

Future income taxes are recorded using the asset and liability method whereby future tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Future tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply when the asset is realized or the liability settled. The effect on future tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that substantive enactment or enactment occurs. To the extent that the Company does not consider it more likely than not that a future tax asset will be recovered, it provides a valuation allowance against the excess.

Stock-based compensation

The Company has adopted the accounting standards issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Section, *Stock-based compensation and other stock-based payments*, which recommends the fair-value based method for measuring compensation costs. The Company determines the fair value of the stock-based compensation using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Loss per share

The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method the dilutive effect on loss per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. Basic and diluted loss per common share are calculated using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Flow-through shares

The Company provides certain share subscribers with a flow-through component for tax incentives available on qualifying Canadian exploration expenditures. The Company renounces the qualifying expenditures upon the issuance of the respective flow-through common shares and accordingly is not entitled to the related taxable income deductions from such expenditures.

The Company has adopted the recommendation by the Emerging Issues Committee (“EIC”) of the CICA relating to the recording of flow-through shares. EIC 146 stipulates that future income tax liabilities resulting from the renunciation of qualified resource expenditures by the Company from the issuance of flow-through shares are recorded as a reduction of share capital. Any corresponding realization of future income tax benefits resulting in the utilization of prior year losses available to the Company not previously recorded, whereby the Company did not previously meet the criteria for recognition, are reflected as part of the Company’s operating results in the period the Company files the appropriate tax documents with the Canadian tax authorities.

Asset retirement obligations

The Company has adopted the CICA Handbook section 3110, *Asset retirement obligations*. This standard focuses on the recognition and measurement of liabilities related to obligations associated with the retirement of property, plant and equipment. Under this standard, these obligations are initially measured at fair value and subsequently adjusted for any changes resulting from the passage of time and revisions to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate of undiscounted cash flows. The asset retirement cost is to be capitalized to the related asset and amortized into earnings over time. This section became effective on January 1, 2004. Mineral property related retirement obligations are capitalized as part of deferred exploration and development costs.

3. MINERAL PROPERTIES

	June 30, 2007	September 30, 2006
OK Property, British Columbia, Canada	\$ 54,000	\$ 22,000

Title to mining properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many mining properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties are in good standing.

On March 8, 2006 the Company acquired Goldrush Resources Ltd. (“Goldrush”) option with Eastfield Resources Ltd.. (“Eastfield”) whereby Goldrush had the right to earn an interest in mineral exploration claims located north of Powell River in British Columbia (the “OK Property”) from Eastfield. The Company can earn a 60% interest in the OK Property from Eastfield by spending up to \$1,000,000 in exploration costs on the OK Property within four years of the date of the agreement and by making cash payments totalling \$110,000 (paid \$20,000). To acquire the option from Goldrush, the Company agreed to issue to Goldrush 100,000 shares of the Company (issued) at a value of \$12,000 and make a payment of \$10,000 on completion of its Initial Public Offering, which amount has now been paid.

4. DEFERRED EXPLORATION COSTS

The following exploration expenses were incurred on the OK Property during the period from inception to June 30, 2007:

Balance, February 9, 2006	\$ -
Assays	8,794
Consulting	36,254
Field expenses	43,681
Road building	13,503
Balance September 30, 2006	<u>\$ 102,232</u>
Consulting	60,414
Drilling and assays	89,041
Field expenses	27,746
Property maintenance fees	283
Balance, June 30, 2007	<u>\$ 279,716</u>

5. DEFERRED FINANCE FEES

On October 24, 2006 the Company entered into an agreement with Bolder Investment Partners, Ltd. (“Bolder”) whereby Bolder agreed, subject to regulatory approval and certain conditions, to act as the agent to sell up to \$550,000 of the Company’s securities in an Initial Public Offering (the “Offering”). This offering was completed on February 9, 2007 and consisted of 2,200,000 shares of the Company at \$0.25 per share for gross proceeds of \$550,000. As compensation, Bolder received a work fee of \$10,000, a corporate finance fee of 75,000 shares, a commission of 8% of the gross proceeds of the Offering, and was issued Broker’s Warrants equivalent to 10% of the number of Shares sold under the Offering, with each Broker Warrant exercisable to purchase a share at the Offering price for a period of one year from the date of the Offering.

As at September 30, 2006 the Company had incurred \$17,000 in direct costs consisting of legal and agent fees in connection with this proposed financing. On completion of the Offering, these deferred finance charges were charged to share issuance costs.

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into the following transactions with related parties during the nine month period ended June 30, 2007:

- a) Paid office rent of \$13,500 to a company controlled by a director and officer of the Company;
- b) Paid management fees of \$7,500 to a director and officer of the company; and
- c) Paid \$88,015 to a private company in which a director is a 50% partner for exploration work done on the Company’s property. Included in this amount are geological consulting fees of \$4,000 which were paid to this same director.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which was the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

At June 30, 2007 \$35,249 is owing to related parties. Amounts due to related parties are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no fixed terms of repayment.

PROPHECY RESOURCE CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

7. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of Shares	Amount
Authorized		
Unlimited number of common shares without par value		
Issued		
Balance at February 9, 2006	-	\$ -
Shares issued for cash at \$0.001 per share	2,650,000	2,650
Shares issued for mineral property at \$0.12 per share	100,000	12,000
Shares issued for cash at \$0.12 per share	2,450,000	294,000
Balance as at September 30, 2006	5,200,000	\$ 308,650
Shares issued for cash at \$0.25 per share	2,200,000	550,000
Shares issued for Corporate finance fee	75,000	18,750
Shares issued for cash at \$0.30 per share	750,000	225,000
Shares issued to settle debt at \$0.40 per share	25,000	10,000
Share issuance costs	-	(150,942)
Balance as at June 30, 2007	8,250,000	\$ 961,458

As at March 31, 2007, 2,745,000 common shares included in capital stock were held in escrow. The shares subject to escrow will be released as follows: 10% upon the issuance of notice of listing of the common shares for trading by the TSX-V (of which 305,000 were released on February 14, 2007), and the remainder in six equal tranches of 15% every six months thereafter for a period of 36 months.

On April 30, 2006 the Company issued 100,000 shares to Goldrush at an agreed price of \$0.12 per share. Refer to Note 3.

On June 20, 2006 the Company issued 850,000 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.12 per share for proceeds of \$102,000 pursuant to a private placement.

As at March 31, 2007, \$108,871 was expended as qualifying exploration expenditures. This amount was sufficient to meet the Company's commitment to spending a total of \$102,000 on qualifying exploration expenditures to be renounced to investors.

On June 23, 2006 the Company issued 1,400,000 units at a price of \$0.12 per unit for proceeds of \$168,000 pursuant to a private placement. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into an additional common share at a price of \$0.15 until December 23, 2007. The Company has not recorded a separate value to the warrants.

On August 30, 2006 the Company issued 200,000 units at a price of \$0.12 per unit for proceeds of \$24,000 pursuant to a private placement. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into an additional common share at a price of \$0.15 until December 29, 2007. The Company has not recorded a separate value to the warrants.

On February 9, 2007 completed its Initial Public Offering and issued 2,200,000 shares of the Company at \$0.25 per share for gross proceeds of \$550,000. As compensation, Bolder received a work fee of \$10,000, a corporate finance fee of 75,000 shares, a commission of 8% of the gross proceeds of the Offering, and was issued Broker's Warrants equivalent to 10% of the number of Shares sold under the Offering, with each Broker Warrant exercisable to purchase a share at the Offering price of \$0.25 for a period of one year from the date of the Offering.

On April 30, 2007 the Company issued 25,000 shares at \$0.40 per share in settlement of debt owing to Eastfield of \$10,000 with respect to an option payment due on the OK property.

7. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd..)

On May 11, 2007 the Company issued 750,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.30 per share for proceeds of \$225,000 pursuant to a private placement. Each unit consisted of one flow-through common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into an additional non-flow-through common share at a price of \$0.40 until May 11, 2009. The Company has not recorded a separate value to the warrants.

8. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Stock options

The Company intends to follow the policies of the TSX-V under which it would be authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the policies, the exercise price of each option equals the market price or a discounted price of the Company's stock as calculated on the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of five years.

Stock-based compensation

During the three months ended December 31, 2006, the Company granted 450,000 incentive stock options to officers and directors. These options may be exercised within 5 years from the date of listing on the TSX-V at a price of \$0.25 per share.

The Company expenses the fair value of all stock-based compensation awards as determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The granting of these 450,000 incentive stock options resulted in stock-based compensation expense, calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, of \$55,304. This amount was recorded as contributed surplus on the balance sheet, and was calculated using the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate:	3.96%
Expected life of options:	5 years
Annualized volatility:	89%
Dividend yield:	0%

There were no options granted during the three month periods ended March 31 and June 30, 2007. The following options were outstanding at June 30, 2007:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
450,000	\$0.25	February 14, 2011

Warrants

The following warrants were outstanding at March 31, 2007:

Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,400,000	\$0.15	December 23, 2007
200,000	\$0.15	December 29, 2007
220,000	\$0.25	February 9, 2008
750,000	\$0.40	May 11, 2009

The weighted average remaining life of the warrants is 0.89 years and the weighted average exercise price is \$0.23.

PROPHECY RESOURCE CORP.
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2007

9. CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

Balance, February 9, 2006	\$ -
Stock-based compensation expense (Note 7)	<u>76,850</u>
Balance, September 30, 2006	76,850
Stock-based compensation expense (Note 7)	55,304
Balance, June 30, 2007	<u><u>\$ 132,154</u></u>